

Attorney's Docket No. 045600/274144

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

PATENT

In re:	Carozzi <i>et al.</i>	Confirmation No.:	5780
Appl No.:	10/782,570	Group Art Unit:	1638
Filed:	February 19, 2004	Examiner:	Anne R. Kubelik
For:	AXMI-007, A DELTA-ENDOTOXIN GENE AND METHODS FOR ITS USE		

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**RESPONSE TO RESTRICTION REQUIREMENT**

This is in response to the Office Action dated November 3, 2005, in which the Examiner has required restriction between Group I, namely Claims 1-11, 19 and 22-23, drawn to a nucleic acid, vectors, host cells, plant cells, plants and seeds comprising it, and a method of using it to produce a protein; Group II, namely Claims 12-13, 15-18 and 20-21, drawn to a protein, compositions comprising it, and a method of using it to kill a pest; and Group III, namely Claim 14, drawn to an antibody. Upon election of a Group, Applicants are additionally required to select a single nucleotide sequence or amino acid sequence for said Group, as appropriate. Applicants hereby provisionally elect with traverse to prosecute the claims of Group I (Claims 1-11, 19 and 22-23), as drawn to SEQ ID NO:1, and expressly reserve the right to file divisional applications or take such other appropriate measures deemed necessary to protect the inventions in the remaining claims.

Group I is drawn to isolated nucleic acid molecules encoding delta-endotoxin polypeptides. It is submitted that a search of the nucleotide sequence of this nucleic acid molecule will reveal information relevant to the polypeptide sequence. As the Examiner is aware, the DNA and amino acid sequences are related. If one knows the DNA sequence, one can readily determine the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide. Thus, Groups I (Claims 1-11, 19 and 22-23) and II (claims 12-13, 15-18, and 20-21) should be considered together. MPEP 803 sets forth that "If the search and examination of an entire application can be made without

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serious burden, the examiner must examine it on the merits, even though it includes claims to independent or distinct inventions." Applicants submit that the consideration of Groups I and II together will not be a burden on the Examiner. The issues surrounding the nucleic acid molecule and the polypeptide claims are essentially the same and thus should be considered together. In fact, these groups are sometimes considered together by other examiners, indicating that it is not a serious burden on the Examiner to search and examine the two groups together.

Applicants further request that the Restriction Requirement be reconsidered and SEQ ID NO:3 be searched with the nucleic acid of SEQ ID NO:1 under 37 CFR § 1.142. 37 CFR § 1.142 requires that the inventions be "independent and distinct." According to MPEP 802.01, "independent" requires that there is no disclosed relationship between the two or more subjects disclosed. The relationship of SEQ ID NOS:1 and 3 does not meet this standard. The nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:3 is structurally and functionally related to SEQ ID NO:1 in that SEQ ID NO:3 represents a fragment of SEQ ID NO:1 and encodes a biologically active delta-endotoxin polypeptide (represented by SEQ ID NO:4). This structural and functional relationship is set forth in the specification as follows:

Bacterial genes, such as the AXMI-007 gene of this invention, quite often possess multiple methionine initiation codons in proximity to the start of the open reading frame. Often, translation initiation at one or more of these start codons will lead to generation of a functional protein. These start codons can include ATG codons. However, bacteria such as *Bacillus* sp. also recognize the codon GTG as a start codon, and proteins that initiate translation at GTG codons contain a methionine at the first amino acid. Furthermore, it is not often determined *a priori* which of these codons are used naturally in the bacterium. Thus, it is understood that use of one of the alternate methionine codons may also lead to generation of delta-endotoxin proteins that encode pesticidal activity. For example, an alternate start site for a delta-endotoxin protein of the invention may be at base pair 151 of SEQ ID NO:1. Translation from this alternate start site results in the amino acid sequence found in SEQ ID NO:4. These delta-endotoxin proteins are encompassed in the present invention and may be used in the methods of the present invention. (page 5, paragraph 2)

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Nucleic acid molecules that are fragments of these delta-endotoxin encoding nucleotide sequences are also encompassed by the present invention. By "fragment" is intended a portion of the nucleotide sequence encoding a delta-endotoxin protein. A fragment of a nucleotide sequence may encode a biologically active portion of a delta-endotoxin protein, or it may be a fragment that can be used as a hybridization probe or PCR primer using methods disclosed below. Nucleic acid molecules that are fragments of a delta-endotoxin nucleotide sequence comprise at least about 15, 20, 50, 75, 100, 200, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 550, 600, 650, 700, 750, 800, 850, 900, 950, 1000, 1050, 1100, 1150, 1200, 1250, 1300, 1350, 1400, 1450, 1500, 1550, 1600, 1650, 1700, 1750, 1800, 1850, 1900, 1950, 2000, 2050, 2100, 2150, 2200 nucleotides, or up to the number of nucleotides present in a full-length delta-endotoxin encoding nucleotide sequence disclosed herein (for example, 2235 nucleotides for SEQ ID NO:1, or 2085 nucleotides for SEQ ID NO:3) depending upon the intended use. Fragments of the nucleotide sequences of the present invention will encode protein fragments that retain the biological activity of the delta-endotoxin protein and, hence, retain pesticidal activity. (page 8, paragraph 2)

Furthermore, the nucleic acid molecules of SEQ ID NOS:1 and 3 are related one to another by a high degree of homology. SEQ ID NO:3 is greater than 90% homologous to SEQ ID NO:1. Furthermore, SEQ ID NO: 3 is 100% homologous to nucleotides 151-2235 of SEQ ID NO:1. Applicants submit herewith a table showing the alignment of the two sequences (Appendix A) with the consensus sequence displayed in reverse text (white letters on black background). Applicants submit that a search of each of these sequences will reveal information relevant to all of the nucleic acid molecules identified in the claims.

Applicants submit that the consideration of all of the identified nucleic acid molecules will not be a burden on the Examiner as the issues surrounding the nucleic acid molecules are essentially the same and thus should be considered together. In fact, claims to more than one species of nucleotide sequence are frequently considered together by other examiners when the sequences share a high level of homology, indicating that it is not a serious burden to search and examine these sequences together.

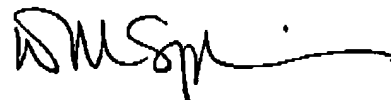
For these reasons, it is requested that the Examiner reconsider and examine Groups I and II together, as well as examine each sequence within Groups I and II. Applicants request that the Examiner at least reconsider and examine SEQ ID NOS:1 and 3. Should the Examiner have

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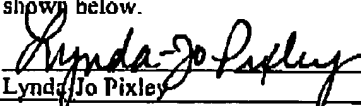
further questions or comments with respect to examination of this case, it is respectfully requested that the Examiner telephone the undersigned so that further examination of this application can be expedited.

It is not believed that extensions of time or fees for net addition of claims are required, beyond those, which may otherwise be provided for in documents accompanying this paper. However, in the event that additional extensions of time are necessary to allow consideration of this paper, such extensions are hereby petitioned under 37 CFR § 1.136(a), and any fee required therefore (including fees for net addition of claims) is hereby authorized to be charged to Deposit Account No. 16-0605.

Respectfully submitted,



W. Murray Spuill  
Registration No. 32,943

<b>CUSTOMER NO. 00826</b> <b>ALSTON &amp; BIRD LLP</b> Bank of America Plaza 101 South Tryon Street, Suite 4000 Charlotte, NC 28280-4000 Tel Raleigh Office (919) 862-2200 Fax Raleigh Office (919) 862-2260	<b>CERTIFICATION OF FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION</b> I hereby certify that this paper is being facsimile transmitted to the US Patent and Trademark Office at Fax No. (571) 273-8300 on the date shown below.  Lynda Jo Pixley Date <u>Nov. 30, 2005</u>
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